TICKS IDENTIFICATION OF A DOMESTIC CAT AND MOLECULAR RESEARCH OF RICKETTSIA SPP. BACTERIA IN THE **ARTHROPODS**

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RESUMO

Introduction: Ticks are vectors for many pathogens and are involved in the epidemiological chain of several diseases of animals and humans. Although not common, perhaps due to self-grooming habits, domestic cats can be infested by these arthropods. This study aimed to identify the tick species from a domestic cat and to detect the presence of Rickettsia spp., etiological agent of spotted fever, in the tick specimens collected. Methodology: A total of 20 partially fed larvae were manually detached from a mixed breed domestic male cat (Felis catus) at a veterinary clinic in the municipality of Nova Iguaçu, State of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The most relevant symptoms in the animal were weakness and a high tick infestation burden. The tick genus was identified using a dichotomous key for Brazilian ticks. Tick DNA was extracted by a phenol-chloroform protocol and was used for PCR detection of Rickettsia spp. by conducting amplification of the rickettsial gltA gene. Results: All tick larvae were identified as belonging to Amblyomma spp. No detection of Rickettsia spp. in the tick DNA samples was observed. Reports about tick infestations in domestic cats in Brazil are scarce. Until now a case of Amblyomma spp. ticks infesting a cat in spotted fever-endemic area in the State of São Paulo had been the unique documented report in southeastern Brazil. Conclusion: Through this research, it was possible to report the occurrence of Amblyomma spp. ticks infesting a domestic cat in the State of Rio de Janeiro although any Rickettsia spp. was detected.

PALAVRAS-CHAVE: Amblyomma spp., Felis catus, PCR

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